## Understanding Love and God's Sovereignty

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# THE PRINCIPLE MOTIVE

One word that virtually all people will hear numerous times, is the used love although the word love is one of the most frequently used words in the finglish language, its meanings often misunderstood or perverted in society, as well as in the religious community. It is a mistake, therefore, to assume that even church-poing people understand the significance of the word love, simply because they hear it sooken on a regular basis.

As we begin to consider the topic of Christian charity, it is important to stress the fact that love is pre-eminently something we do, not merely something we feel. It was Jesus who said, "If you love me, you will keep my commandments."

This view of the doctrine of love is well summarized by Christian author, George Grant, in his book entitled *Bringing in the Sheaves*. On pages 45–48, Mr. Grant writes:

The Good Samaritan is the unnamed lead character in one of Christ's best-loved parables (Luke 10:25-37). When all others, incleding supposed men of righteousness, had skirted the responsibility of charity, the Samaritan took up its mantle. Christ concluded the narrative, saving. "Go and do thou likewise" (Luke 10:37)...

God desires all of us to display the Good Samaritan faith., The testimony of Scripture is clear: All of us who are called by His name must walk in love (Ephesians 5:2). We must exercise compassion (2. Corinthians 1:3-4). We must struggle for justice and secure mercy las well as provide comfort] and liberty for men, women, and children everywhere (Zechariah 7:8-10).

well as provide comfort] and liberty for men, women, and children everywhere (Zechariah 7:8-10).

In Matthew 22, when Jesus was asked to summarize briefly the Law of God, the standard against which all spirituality is to be mea-

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sured, He responded, "You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, and with all your soul, and with all your mind. This is the first and great commandment. And the second is like it; you shall love your neighbor as yourself. On these two commandments hang all the Law and the Prophets."

Jesus has reduced the whole of the Law, and thus, the whole of faith, to love. Love toward God, and then, love toward man. But, at the same time, Jesus has defined love in terms of the Law. In one bold, deft stroke, Ite freed the Christian faith from subjectivity. By so linking love and law, Christ has unclouded our purblid vision of both. Love suddenly takes on responsible objectivity, while the Law takes on passionate predicabilety.

This sheds a whole new light on what is meant for us to "walk in love." If our love is real, then it must be expressed; it will be expressed. If our love is real, then action will result because love is something you do, not merely something you feel. Love is the "Royal Law" (James 2:8).

The writings that follow are intended to persuade the reader that the impute widsh should led Christiants to perferon charities be works in this world, is something other than the vain bope of fitting themselves for beneved by metricine doeds. Readers will be confronted with the truth that genuine cast of charity must flow out of a principled led or follow and must flow out of a principled led or follow and must flow use forward in some course, while our bape of ingriness for ain reast to or other grounds adaptive. (The only recently of residint and is to trust in the substitutionary work of Christ on Calvary). Some other considerations of the confidence of the confiden

It should be stressed at the outset, that by engaging in the work of Christian charity, we do not ultimately undermine our own happiness. Indeed, although we may often est aside some of the ordinary means of enjoyment, we do not sacrifice the end. The blessed truth is that when we love our neighbor we secure our own richest, purest enjoyment, hunch in a new and better tway. We also change the character of our happiness, for the pleasure wish results from earrying happiness to whole, raisive pff direct pleasure is nature from that which we secure by aiming directly a tour own. Now, the reader should consider these things, and understand distinct the the outset whether he is in such a state of mind and heart that he wishes to pursue the happiness of others, or whether he means to confine his efforts chefly to the promotion of his own. Perhaps the following illustration will be abolished in white readers.

On some cold winter evening, let us say, you return from the business of the day to your home, where I will suppose that you have the comforts of life all around you. You draw up your richly stuffed elbow chair by the side of a glowing fireplace, which beams and brightens upon the scene of elegance that your living room exhibits. A new and entertaining book is in your hand, and fruits and refreshments are by your side on a table. Here you may sit hour after hour, enjoying these means of comfort and happiness. During this time, you are carried away by the magic of the pen to distant and different scenes, from which you return now and then to listen a moment the roaring of the wintry wind or the beating of the snow upon your windows. If you have a quiet conscience, you may find much happiness in such a scene-especially if gratitude to God as the giver of such comforts, and as your kind Protector and Friend warms your heart and quickens your sensibilities. Here you sit, hour after hour, until Orion has made his steady way through the clouds and storms of the sky, and high into

But, though this might be enjoyable, there is another way of spending an hour of the evening, which would also afford enjoyment, though of a different kind. You lay aside your book, trundle back your cushioned chair, pack your froit and refreshments in a small basket, and take down from your bookshelf all the sorties volume of bymms. Then, muffling yourself as warmby as possible in cap and coat, you venture forth in the midst of the stormy night.

The brick sidewalk is half hidden by the drifts of snow, among

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which you make your slippery way until you turn onto a narrow sidewalk, guiding your steps to one of its humble houses. You enter by a low door. It is not, however, the abode of poverty. There is comfort and plenty under this roof, though on a different scale from that which you are accustomed.

The mother who welcomes you is a widow, and the daily labor of her hands procures for her all that is necessary for her needs, and much besides, which she enjoys as luxuries. She appreciates them more highly than you do the coutly splendors you have left. Her bright, brass lamps, which he tolled several days to carn, and the plain rocking chair in the corner, are to her as valuable, and far more, than your fancy chandled revisit is cut alsas creatiles over us reducified storman.

In a word, all the needs of this family are well supplied, so that I will not introduce the reader to a scene of abject poverty, as you may have supposed. You must bring something more potent than money here if you wish to do good. You have something more powerful than money—Christian charity. This I will assume you have brought.

On one side of the fire is a crade that the mother has been reding. You take you read in a low chair ly its bids, and learning over it you look ignoun the pale face of a little sufferer who has been for many mountain lenguishing there. It it disease has careful his back brought has beed over towards his breast, and contracted his langs; he less lightly the lenguishing the lenguishing the lenguishing has been down to be to be the lenguishing the lenguishing his lightly with its destrees now the hist freed care again into each him even through the atomic. That smile and its meaning will repay you for the cold blasts which you concustered noy never you to hack from on. How the you walk with his a little. He reaches up to hack from on. How they you walk with his a little. He reaches up his arms to you, clearly pleased with the proposal, and you lit him from his pillor. The relief he experiesce in certainly his limits, cannot by the narrow dismen-

You raise your arms. He is not heavy. Disease has diminished his weight, and you walk back and forth across the room with a gentle step, his head reclining upon your shoulder. The uneasy, restless expression which was upon his face is gradually changed for one of peaceful repose; until, at length, luilled by the gentle sound of your voice, he drops into a quiet slamber. You may walk with him frequently across the floor, before faigue will counterbalance the pleasure you will receive in watching his placid and happy look reflected in the glass behind you when you turn.

Executably be wakes, and you goally by him down into his crackle again. You read him by mu requerate of registant to God and confidence in its land protection. Execting down by his crackle and holding his had also yours, you offer a simple upper on the black And when the length you require to heave, you may be not health for all when the length you require to heave, you may be not to have a long to the proper and to heave the proper and the proper and protection. It witnessing it, you will take his crit is fell to happiness and granted his witnessing, it and not recalling the scene to your mind in your cold and stormy walk. however, you will specific on endypriment that it cannot describe, but all who have experienced in will understand. This enjoyment is very difference in its assume from the abultary happiness; you would have fet as.

True, the case I have discribed is an experiment on a very small scale. The good done was very intire, it was only a half hour's partie relief for a sick child and his mother, and another half hour's happings of the sick child and his mother, and another half hour's happings of the size of the

"But is not the end sought in both cases our own happiness?" you ask.

ass.

"No, it is not." And this leads me to a distinction, an important spiritual distinction that everyone who wishes to perform charity on





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